

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/761,947	01/21/2004	Walter N. Blejde	29685-74363	29685-74363 3934	
23643 7	590 11/16/2004		EXAMINER		
BARNES & THORNBURG 11 SOUTH MERIDIAN			TRAN, LEN		
INDIANAPOLIS, IN 46204			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1725		
			DATE MAILED: 11/16/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

				MYZ
•		Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Off	ice Action Summary	10/761,947	BLEJDE ET AL.	
y Canada Can		Examiner	Art Unit	
The MAII ING DATE of this communication		Len Tran	1725	
Period for Reply	AILING DATE of this communication app	Dears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence add	fress
Extensions of tin after SIX (6) MC If the period for If NO period for Failure to reply Any reply received.	ED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY OF THIS COMMUNICATION. The may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 ENTHS from the mailing date of this communication. The provisions of a property is specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute ed by the Office later than three months after the mailing arm adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ti y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) da will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from	imely filed nys will be considered timely. n the mailing date of this con	nmunication.
Status		•		
1)⊠ Respor	sive to communication(s) filed on 21 Ja	anuary 2004		
		action is non-final.		
	nis application is in condition for allowar		neecution as to the I	marita ia
closed i	n accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.	HEHIS IS
Disposition of C		,		
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-26</u> is/are pending in the application.			
	ne above claim(s) <u>14-26</u> is/are withdraw			•
) is/are allowed.	THIOTH CONSIDERATION.		
) <u>1,2,3,5,7,8,9,11,13</u> is/are rejected.			
) <u>2,4,6,10 and 12</u> is/are objected to.			
	are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.		
Application Pape		•		
•	cification is objected to by the Examiner			
10)☐ The draw	ving(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ acce	optod op b\□ -bit- t t t v v	_	
Applicant	may not request that any objection to the d	rpted of b) by bold in the control of the E	=xaminer.	
Replacen	nent drawing sheet(s) including the correction	on in required if the density (a)	37 CFR 1.85(a).	
11)∐ The oath	or declaration is objected to by the Exa	on is required in the drawing(s) is obj diminer. Note the attached Office	ected to. See 37 CFR	1.121(d).
Priority under 35		amilior. Hote the attached Office	ACTION OF FORM PTO	-152.
	•			
12) ACKNOWIE	edgment is made of a claim for foreign p	oriority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	-(d) or (f).	
)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	a		
1.∐ Ce	ertified copies of the priority documents	have been received.		
2.∐ C€	ertified copies of the priority documents	have been received in Application	on No	
3.∐ C(opies of the certified copies of the priorit	y documents have been received	d in this National Sta	age
ap * See the at	plication from the International Bureau	(PCT Rule 17.2(a)).		
000 1110 41	tached detailed Office action for a list of	r the certified copies not received	J .	
		,		•
ttachment(s)	01. 1/070 055	· <u> </u>		
) 🔀 Notice of Referer) 🔲 Notice of Draftspo	ices Cited (PTO-892) erson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4)	PTO-413)	
) 🔀 Information Discl	osure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SR/08)	5) L Notice of Informal Pa	tent Application (PTO-15	52)
Paper No(s)/Mail	Date	6) Other:		-,

DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

- 1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
 - I. Claims 1-13, drawn to a method, classified in class 164, subclass 480.
 - II. Claims 14-26, drawn to apparatus, classified in class 164, subclass 459.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

- 2. Inventions I and II are related as process and apparatus for its practice. The inventions are distinct if it can be shown that either: (1) the process as claimed can be practiced by another materially different apparatus or by hand, or (2) the apparatus as claimed can be used to practice another and materially different process. (MPEP § 806.05(e)). In this case the apparatus can be used with different total oxygens.
- 3. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and the search required for Group I is not required for Group II, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.
- 4. During a telephone conversation with Mr. James Sweeny on October 20, 2004 a provisional election was made *without* traverse to prosecute the invention of group I, claims 1-13. Affirmation of this election must be made by applicant in replying to this Office action. Claims 14-26 withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention.
- 5. Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the

Application/Control Number: 10/761,947

Art Unit: 1725

currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Double Patenting

6. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

7. Claims 1, 4, 5, 7, and 11 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1, 2, 6, 14, and 15 of copending Application No. 10/761,953. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because both of the application pertains to reducing crocodile surface roughness.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Application/Control Number: 10/761,947

Art Unit: 1725

Page 4

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

8. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 9. Claims 1, 2, 5, 7, 8, 11, and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Kumai et al (US 4,073,643).

As to claim 1 and 7, Kumai et al disclose a method of producing thin cast strip with low surface roughness and low porosity by continuous casting comprising the steps of:

- a. assembling a pair of cooled casting rolls having a nip between them and with confining closure adjacent the ends of nip;
- b. introducing molten steel having a total oxygen content of at least 100 ppm and a free oxygen content between 30 and 50 ppm between the pair of casting rolls to form a casting pool between the casting rolls at a temperature such that a majority of the oxide inclusions formed therein are in liquidus state;
- c. counter-rotating the casting rolls and transferring heat from the molten steel to form metal shells on the surfaces of the casting rolls such that the shells grow to include oxide inclusions relating to the total oxygen content of the molten steel and form steel strip free of crocodile surface roughness; and

Art Unit: 1725

d. forming solidified thin steel strip through the nip between the casting rolls from said solidified shells (col. 2, lines 14-30 and table 4).

As to claim 2 and 8, the casting temperature is below 1600 degrees C (table 4).

As to claim 5 and 11, the carbon content in the range of 0.001 to 0.1%, Manganese in the range of 0.1 to 10%, and Si in the range of 0.01 to 10% (col. 2, lines 24-27).

As to claim 13, the aluminum content is less than 0.01 % (col. 2, line 26).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 10. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 11. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later

Application/Control Number: 10/761,947

Art Unit: 1725

invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

12. Claims 3 and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kumai et al (US '643), and further in view of Strezov et al (US 2003/0000679).

Kumai et al discloses the claimed invention above, but fails to teach casting rollers having a random pattern of discrete projections, having an average height of at least 20 microns and having average surface distribution of between 5 and 200 peaks per square millimeters.

However, Strezov (US '2003) discloses a casting rollers having an average height of at least 20 microns and having average surface distribution of between 5 and 200 peaks per square millimeters for the purpose of less prone to generation of chatter defects (col. 2, lines 1 to [0017]).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time applicant's invention was made to obvious to combine the rollers taught by Strezov (US 2003) with Kumai et al'method in order to prevent chatter defects.

Allowable Subject Matter

13. Claims 4, 6, 10, and 12 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Art Unit: 1725

The prior arts of record fail to teach having oxide inclusions comprised of MnO, SiO2, and Al2O3 distributed between 2 and 4 grams per cubic centimeter and 120 oxide inclusions per square millimeter to a depth of 2 microns.

Inquiry

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Len Tran whose telephone number is (571) 272-1184. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 8:30 - 5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tom Dunn can be reached on (571) 272-1171. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Len Tran Examiner Art Unit 1725 Lenor

LT

November 10, 2004